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#### 1. Introduction

The Falls Creek Over Snow Vehicle Manual has been developed by Alpine Resorts Victoria (ARV).

The aim of this manual is to ensure safe and proper use of Over Snow Vehicles at Falls Creek. This manual reflects the elevated danger created by the close interaction of Over Snow Vehicles, skiers/snowboarders and pedestrians all sharing the same roads within the village area.

This document is informed by the ARV Over Snow Vehicle Policy (Policy) for Falls Creek, which sets out the framework for use of Over Snow Vehicles in accordance with Victorian legislative requirements.

The Over Snow Vehicle manual is to be used as a guide only to assist in the safe operation of Over Snow Vehicles. It is the vehicle owner's responsibility to ensure that the Over Snow Vehicle is used correctly.

ARV determines the areas of permitted operation of all Over Snow Vehicles, and Over Snow Vehicle Permits are issued based only on a justifiable need's basis.

Being permitted to operate an Over Snow Vehicle at Falls Creek is a privilege, not a right.

#### 2. Definitions

In accordance with the Policy the following definitions apply:

**Vehicle** – Includes motor vehicles, motorcycles and trailers.

**Over Snow Vehicle** – A vehicle specifically designed for use on or Over Snow. Vehicles modified or adjusted allowing travel on or over snow are considered to be an Over Snow Vehicle. Some examples of these are snowmobiles and side by sides.

# 3. Rules for Operating Over Snow Vehicles

You must adhere to the following rules when operating an Over Snow Vehicle at Falls Creek. Any non-compliance to these Over Snow Vehicle Rules could result in an infringement notice, loss of your Over Snow Vehicle License, loss of your Over Snow Vehicle Permit, impounding of your Over Snow Vehicle, or referral to Victoria Police.

#### 3.1 Over Snow Vehicle requirements

Each Over Snow Vehicle must:

- 1. be registered in the State of Victoria and have registration plates attached to the vehicle, and
- 2. display a current Over Snow Vehicle Permit Sticker issued by ARV. Over Snow Vehicle Permit Stickers are issued annually for each snow season.





All Over Snow Vehicles must be in a mechanical operating condition suitable for the intended purpose. All safety features of the vehicle must be fully operational. **Do not operate a vehicle if you doubt that it is in a 100% safe condition to do so.** 

In addition, all Over Snow Vehicles must comply with the relevant emissions, noise, electromagnetic interference and road worthy Government Acts, Regulations and/or Standards.

Refer to the Policy for further details.

#### 3.2 Individual operator requirements

Each individual Over Snow Vehicle operator requires:

- 1. a current driver's licence, and
- 2. a current vehicle permit issued in their name by ARV. Vehicle permits are issued on an annual basis for the duration of the current snow season.

The driver's licence and vehicle permit must be carried by the operator at all times while the vehicle is in use.

Refer to the Policy for further details.

#### 3.3 Operator training

Employers must ensure they comply with the Occupational Health & Safety Act 2004 with respect to the duty of care to all employees. This means ensuring they are sufficiently trained for the duties of their respective employment, including use of Over Snow Vehicles.

All new users of snowmobile vehicles must have mandatory training prior to use. A vehicle permit will not be issued for any new users until such training has been satisfactorily completed. ARV will provide 'free of charge' operator training for snowmobiles, run by the Ski Patrol. It is strongly recommended that all operators of snowmobiles undertake this training to ensure they are familiar with safe use of these vehicles within the resort.

#### 3.4 Areas of use

**Over Snow Vehicle permits have restricted areas of use.** The areas that you are allowed to operate an Over Snow Vehicle in is determined by the type of permit sticker issued by ARV to that Over Snow Vehicle, as follows:

- YELLOW permit (issued to most Commercial Operators)
   The vehicle can only be operated within the Falls Creek Village Area and only on the following ARV endorsed local roads:
  - Snowgums Lane
  - Slalom Street (excluding the parking area at the start of Slalom Street just off Bogong High Plains Road)
  - Arlberg Street
  - Parallel Street
  - Schuss Street
  - o Telemark Street
  - Christie Street
  - o Falls Creek Road

Over Snow Vehicles are not permitted to be operated on any other area within the





Falls Creek Village Area including:

- o Diana Trail;
- Wombats Ramble on Slalom Street during lift operating hours
- The access track commonly known as "Heart Attack Hill" located beyond the end of Schuss Street and down to the Village Bowl; and
- Areas between buildings throughout the village other than designated vehicle driveways.

Please refer to the Attachment highlighting the permitted area of use.

- RED permit (issued to Falls Creek Ski Lifts and limited Commercial Ski field Operators)
  - The vehicle can only be operated within the Falls Creek Village Area and the Ski Field Area.
- BLUE permit (issued only to ARV, Victoria Police, CFA, Ambulance Victoria, SES, Parks Victoria and AGL)

The vehicle can be operated within the Falls Creek Village Area, within Falls Creek's resort area boundary including the Ski Field Area, and throughout the Bogong High Plains. Note that ARV, Ambulance Victoria and SES Over Snow Vehicles can only be operated on the Bogong High Plains beyond ARV's resort area boundary during search & rescue callouts, training sessions and special events (only when approved by Parks Victoria).

#### 3.5 Alcohol and drugs

You must not operate an Over Snow Vehicle if you are affected by alcohol or illicit drugs over the legal limit in accordance with Victorian State Law.

#### 3.6 Speed limits and Other Users

The speed limit for Over Snow Vehicles is 15 km/hr within the Village Area and 40 km/hr within the Ski Lift Area. Please adhere to these speed limits which have been determined to help increase the safety of pedestrian and skier/snowboarder traffic, especially for children who are often less observant of vehicles and more unpredictable in their movements.

When travelling near pedestrians reduce your speed to walking pace.

Operators of any Over Snow Vehicle MUST give way to all skiers, snowboarders and pedestrians within the village.

All downhill Over Snow Vehicles MUST give way to uphill traffic within the village.

#### All Over Snow traffic MUST keep to the left side of the road.

All operators are reminded that the village roads are a shared roadway throughout the year.

#### 3.7 Helmets

Operators and passengers of all Over Snow Vehicles without ROPS and seatbelts fitted





must wear an approved ski helmet or a protective vehicle helmet. Ski helmets must comply with the CEN 1077 standard (or equivalent) and protective vehicle helmets must comply with AS1698:2006 or UN/ECE 22.05. The only exception is the Ski Patrol, Victoria Police, Ambulance Victoria and SES, who may transport members of the public without a helmet as a passenger on an Over Snow Vehicle when responding to an incident.

#### 3.8 Protective equipment

In addition to wearing helmets, it is recommended that operators and passengers of Over Snow Vehicles also wear:

- Eye protection either goggles or sunglasses, depending on weather conditions.
- Gloves.
- Clothing appropriate for the weather conditions.
- Footwear appropriate for walking on snow.

#### 3.9 Over Snow Vehicle accidents

#### If you are involved in an accident, you must:

- Stop immediately.
- Move your vehicle to a safe location if appropriate and turn off the engine and apply the park brake.
- Protect the area to make sure that another accident does not occur. E.g. ask any bystanders to stop traffic from entering the scene of the accident.
- Give help to any injured person.
- Remove all debris from the area.
- Provide your name, address, registration number, and vehicle owner's name to others involved in the crash, or their representative, and to the police (if they are there).
- If anyone is injured and the police are not at the crash, you must report the crash to the nearest open police station.
- If there is any property damage and the owner (or police) is not there, you must report the crash to the nearest open police station.
- Call 000 to contact any Emergency Services (Police, Ambulance, Fire) that may be required.





### 4. Over Snow Vehicle Safety

You are responsible for the safe operation of your Over Snow Vehicle. Remember there may be noticeable handling differences from one Over Snow Vehicle to the next and rapid changes in snow conditions. You must follow the designated Over Snow Vehicle routes, speed limits and all operational guidelines. This is CRITICAL to ensure the safe operation of an Over Snow Vehicle.

Over Snow Vehicles are relatively simple to operate but like any vehicles they can be hazardous if you are reckless, thoughtless or inattentive. The key to safe operation is YOUR knowledge of the Over Snow Vehicle, recognising and accepting it as a machine, respecting its capabilities and limitations, adjusting your driving speed and techniques according to varying operating conditions, knowledge of safety rules and good judgment. Recognising and respecting your own capabilities and limitations is also a very important factor for the safe operation of an Over Snow Vehicle. A slight miscalculation in your machine handling ability can dramatically increase the risk of a serious accident.

#### Safety tips for operating an Over Snow Vehicle:

ARV is constantly trying to improve the skiing and snowboarding product for resort guests, so please keep the following key points in mind when operating an Over Snow Vehicle:

- Always ride with safety as your priority.
- DO NOT exceed the designated speed limits. The speed limit for Over Snow Vehicles in the village is 15 km/hr and 40 km/hr within the ski area.
- Try to limit Over Snow Vehicle travel to essential day use only. Walk or ski where possible. Reducing your Over Snow Vehicle use will reduce the risk of an incident with another vehicle, pedestrian or skier/snowboarder. Many guests also view Over Snow Vehicles as a noisy and smelly nuisance which detracts from their alpine experience.
- Do not operate an Over Snow Vehicle in the Village Area at night unless for critical work or emergency response related matters.
- Ensure the Over Snow Vehicle that you are operating has a working headlight and taillight. Use extra caution riding at night since there is likely to be more activity that is hard to see in and around village streets. Quite often at night when the village is full of snow, kids will be out tobogganing and playing out around the village.
- Complete a thorough pre-start check before operating the Over Snow Vehicle.
- Wear appropriate clothing. Loose clothing may catch on stationary objects or in the Over Snow Vehicle's moving parts.
- Any rope/bungy cords should be securely fastened.





- Follow designated Over Snow Vehicle routes when traveling around the village. The only exemption is the Ski Patrol or emergency services organisations when responding to an incident.
- Be aware of any oncoming vehicles and skiers/snowboarders riding down the road to help reduce the chance of a collision. Always drive on the left side of the road within the village.
- All pedestrians, skiers and snowboarders have right-of-way at all times. When approaching guests throughout the village, slow down, watch them carefully, try and make eye contact to ensure that they've seen you. A friendly wave tells them that you see them. Do not try and anticipate a skier/snowboarder's line of travel, particularly with children. If unsure of their actions. STOP!
- Give way to other Over Snow traffic travelling uphill. Causing uphill traffic to stop results in a more difficult re-start position and can cause other safety hazards.
- Use caution when carrying passengers.
  - When operating a snowmobile, do not carry more than 1 adult passenger seated behind the driver, or 1 adult passenger seated behind the driver + 1 small child passenger seated in front of the driver.
  - When operating a side by side, do not carry more than the allowed passengers as determined by the seatbelt configuration.
- When transporting goods ensure that they are secured safely to the Over Snow Vehicle and will not interfere with your ability to safely operate the machine.
- Exercise extreme caution when conditions are icy.
- Where it is necessary to ride/drive on a ski run, keep to the very edge to avoid guests and grooming.
- Minimising use of Over Snow Vehicles on ski runs is a key priority to ensure skier safety. It is an ARV requirement that use of Over Snow Vehicles on ski runs is to be minimised, in particular crossing of Wombats Ramble. Failure to abide by this requirement may result in your permit being revoked.
- Be aware of hazards such as rope lines, partially buried objects, snow drifts near fences and stockpiles of snow.
- Stay clear of fresh snowmaking and snowmaking equipment. Try to avoid operating
  an Over Snow Vehicle on freshly groomed or soft snow, since ruts created in fresh
  grooming or soft snow can freeze to become a safety hazard and reduce the visual
  impact of a well-groomed slope.
- When moving off:
  - Gradual acceleration will reduce track/wheel spin and belt wear (on Over Snow Vehicles).
  - Avoid starting off uphill especially when loaded or carrying a passenger.





- Park out of skier/snowboarder traffic.
- o Always park the Over Snow Vehicle in forward gear.
- Never park and leave an Over Snow Vehicle in reverse, since this is very dangerous for the next person operating it.
- Apply the park brake and switch off the motor.
- o If parking on a slope, always park across the slope and never with the machine pointing uphill or downhill, because you should never rely totally on the park brake.
- Do not park your Over Snow Vehicle in No Standing areas, or in front of garbage sheds or fire hydrants. Infringements will apply for incorrect parking.
- Ensure that your Over Snow Vehicle is kept in good mechanical order. Be aware of unusual noises and changes in the machine's behavior. Expensive repairs can often be avoided if your mechanic is notified early of a potential problem with your Over Snow Vehicle.

### 5. Over Snow Vehicle Specific Operating Tips

This section includes some suggestions on how to best operate and maintain an Over Snow Vehicle.

#### 5.1 Pre-Start Checks

Always complete a pre-start inspection <u>before</u> you turn on the ignition. The pre-start inspection should include:

- **Emergency stop switch** Ensure that the emergency stop switch (kill button) is clear of ice and operates freely.
- **Throttle** Operate the throttle 2 or 3 times before you turn on the ignition. Check it returns freely to the normal position.
- **Brake** Operate the brake 2 or 3 times before you turn on the ignition. Check it returns freely to the normal position.
- Lights Check that all lights operate correctly.
- **Fuel and oil** Check fuel and oils levels are at the correct operating level. Also ensure that your fuel and oil are appropriately stored.
- **Steering** Inspect the skis at the front of the Over Snow Vehicle and move them manually from side to side to ensure the skis and the steering components are clear of ice.
- Track Ensure that the track is free of a build-up of snow and/or ice. Check the
  track for wear and damage. Make sure there is nothing obstructing the track, and
  that it is not frozen to the snow. Rocking the Over Snow Vehicle from side to side
  while standing on the running boards will help to break any ice connection
  between the track and the snow, and between the track and Over Snow Vehicle's
  running gear.

• **Visual inspection** – Inspect the entire Over Snow Vehicle for loose or worn parts. Make certain the bonnet is fastened correctly. Remove any snow and ice built up on the seat, lights, windshield and running boards.

Over Snow Vehicle engine covers are fragile. Care must be taken whenever the engine cover is opened, especially on windy days. Face the Over Snow Vehicle into the breeze before opening the engine cover and always secure all engine cover straps after closing.

#### 5.2 Starting an Over Snow Vehicle

Before you start the Over Snow Vehicle ensure that no one is standing in front of or behind the Over Snow Vehicle.

Be aware that upon starting an Over Snow Vehicle it may instantly accelerate due to the throttle sticking from ice. On Over Snow Vehicles with safety leashes, it is recommended to hold this leash while starting. For Over Snow Vehicles without safety leashes, keep your hand over the emergency stop switch and use it if necessary.

Steps to start an Over Snow Vehicle:

- Reset the emergency stop switch and connect the tether switch.
- Turn the ignition key to the 'ON' position.
- Check that the gearbox is in neutral or the forward position.
- For Over Snow Vehicles without an automatic choke engage the choke or press the primer only if the engine is cold.
- For Over Snow Vehicles with electric ignition turn the ignition key to engage the starter motor.
- For Over Snow Vehicles with a pull-starter pull the starter handle slowly until you feel resistance and then briskly and smoothly pull the starter handle to start.
- As the engine starts, release the ignition key OR allow the starter handle rope to retract into its carrier.

While the engine is warming up, check the headlights, taillights and brake lights are working, and press the emergency stop switch (kill button) to be certain it will stop the engine.

Restart your engine and check the park brake is off.

Allow the engine to warm up for 1 minute before moving and 5 minutes before operating under heavy load.

Each Over Snow Vehicle has its own starting traits. After a little experience, you will learn how different Over Snow Vehicles react to priming (if required), choking (if required) and to throttle pressure when the engine is cold or warm.

When an Over Snow Vehicle is left out in the weather it may require driving the machine forward and backwards short distances to clear the driving mechanism of snow/ice before moving off.





#### 5.3 Riding an Over Snow Vehicle

Your riding position and your balance are the two basic elements of making an Over Snow Vehicle go where you want. When turning on uneven terrain or on the side of a hill, you need to be ready to shift your weight to help the machine go in the direction you want it to go. Only experience will teach you how much lean to put into turns at different speeds, and how much you will have to lean into a slope to maintain proper balance.

When operating an Over Snow Vehicle over familiar terrain, you should sit on the Over Snow Vehicle with your body mid-way back on the seat and your feet on the running boards. Knees and hips should remain flexible to absorb bumps.

When operating an Over Snow Vehicle over uneven terrain, you may need to stand on the running boards, or kneel with one leg on the seat and one on the running board, with knees flexed to absorb the surface bumps. This is an effective position to improve vision and to be able to shift your weight as conditions dictate. Avoid quick stops whilst standing or kneeling on a Over Snow Vehicle.

Do not turn or accelerate aggressively especially in low or soft snow.

When riding at night always check that all lights are operational.

All Over Snow Vehicles are belt driven and in some circumstances the belt will begin to overheat, causing a strong burning rubber smell. This is a warning sign to immediately stop whatever you are doing. A belt will only burn if something is stopping your forward progress. This could be for a number of reasons such as the skis are iced to the ground, the Over Snow Vehicle is badly bogged, the track is iced up, or the track is clogged with packed snow or a foreign object. Rectify the problem and try again.

Track components are not designed to hit dirt, rocks, stumps or other hard objects, so take care in fresh snow or poor visibility conditions.

Some snow conditions offer very little traction. Wet spring slush or sheet ice can cause total loss of control, even on gentle slopes. Keep this in mind especially when riding near skiers/snowboarders and take an alternative route if necessary.

Over Snow Vehicles are heavy, especially when stuck in sticky fresh snow. If you bog a Over Snow Vehicle, don't risk injuring your back by trying to free it by yourself. Call for help to get it unstuck.

Always apply the handbrake or park across the slope when leaving your machine.

#### 5.4 Uphill Riding

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When climbing steep hills or in warm spring conditions with wet snow, don't use full power. Excessive track spin only makes climbing more difficult and can cause the engine to overheat. If your Over Snow Vehicle is struggling to climb a slope, back off and find an alternative route.

If having difficulty when climbing a hill another approach to take is at an angle. You may adopt a kneeling position and keep your weight on the uphill side at all times. Maintain a steady, safe speed. Continue as far as you can in this direction, then switch to the opposite hill angle and riding position.

If you cannot make it up the hill, do not spin your track. Turn the engine off, pull the machine around by hand (holding the front skis) to face the skis downhill, restart the engine and ease it out with slow, even throttle pressure. Position yourself to avoid tipping over, and then descend the hill. Call for assistance if necessary.

#### 5.5 Downhill Riding

Downhill riding requires that you have full control of the Over Snow Vehicle at all times. On steeper hills, keep your centre of gravity low and both hands on the handlebars. Maintain slight throttle pressure, and allow the machine to run downhill with the engine operating. If a higher than safe speed is reached, slow down by braking, but apply the brakes with frequent light pressure. Never brake hard or it can lock up the track causing the Over Snow Vehicle to slide uncontrollably.

#### 5.6 Side Hill Riding or Traversing

When crossing a side hill or traversing up or downhill, you and any passengers should lean uphill as required to help improve stability. The best riding position is the kneeling position, with the knee of the downhill leg on the seat and the foot of the uphill leg on the running board. You can then shift your weight guickly as needed.

#### 5.7 Turning an Over Snow Vehicle

To turn or corner a Over Snow Vehicle, you need to lean towards the inside of the turn and position your body weight on the inside foot which will create a banking condition beneath the track. By taking this position and positioning yourself as far forward as possible on the Over Snow Vehicle, weight will be transferred to the inside ski to help the Over Snow Vehicle turn.

#### 5.8 Deep Snow and Spring Snow

In deep snow or wet spring snow, your Over Snow Vehicle could begin to bog down. If this occurs, turn in as wide an arc as possible and look for a firmer base. If you do get bogged do not spin the track as this makes the Over Snow Vehicle sink even deeper. Stop, trample the snow around the Over Snow Vehicle sink even deeper.

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gently rock the Over Snow Vehicle as you gradually apply the throttle. Do not place any foreign material beneath the track. If this is unsuccessful, call for assistance to lift the rear of the Over Snow Vehicle onto firmer, trampled snow.

#### 5.9 Hard Packed Snow

Hard packed snow can be difficult to negotiate, as both the skis and the track do not have much traction. The best approach is to slow down and avoid rapid acceleration, turning or braking.

#### 5.10 lcy Conditions

In icy conditions you have virtually no control over an Over Snow Vehicle and this can be extremely hazardous. If you are concerned about the safety of conditions for riding an Over Snow Vehicle, ask other more experienced Over Snow Vehicle operators for guidance regarding mountain conditions. **Do not ride a Over Snow Vehicle if you have any concerns about putting yourself or any passenger(s) at risk.** If you find yourself in a situation where your Over Snow Vehicle is sliding sideways, as with motor vehicles, the recommended approach is to counter-steer in the direction you want to go and gently accelerate. Do not brake hard, which will most likely lock up the track and worsen the sliding.

#### 5.11 Poor Visibility

Use extreme caution when travelling in poor visibility. In such conditions your reaction time can be significantly reduced. Low light, fog, snow and ice can all make it harder to view objects from a distance. In poor visibility, travel very slowly and watch out for hazards. If you are unsure of your way, do not proceed.

#### 5.12 Carrying Passengers

When operating a Snowmobile, do not carry more than 1 adult passenger seated behind the driver, or 1 adult passenger seated behind the driver + 1 small child passenger seated in front of the driver.

When operating a side by side, do not carry more than the allowed passengers as determined by the seatbelt configuration.

Overloading is dangerous and the machines are not designed for it. Make sure you instruct your passenger to maintain a firm grasp on of the passenger strap or grips and keep their feet on the running boards.

Your passenger has to rely on your careful and safe operation of the Over Snow Vehicle. Ride at slower speeds. Warn your passenger of side hills, bumps, etc, since visibility ahead of the Over Snow Vehicle is limited for the passenger. An unseen bump can cause

your passenger to be thrown off. Ask your passenger to lean into any turn with you, and to lean uphill if you do so when crossing a slope. Be careful, slow down and check your passenger frequently.

certain the child has a firm grip and is properly positioned with their feet on the running boards. Extra smooth starting and stopping is required. In the case of small children you may decide to ride with the child in front of you for greater safety of the child.

#### **5.13 Towing Trailers**

All trailers must have a permit for operation within the resort.

All trailers must have a safety strap or chain. Trailers should be loaded with the lowest possible centre of gravity. Use a rigid tow bar when pulling a trailer behind a Over Snow Vehicle. The trailer should also have reflective material on both sides and at the rear. Take care when travelling and turning near other people while towing a trailer and ensure that there is plenty of clearance. Do not overload the trailer and have materials hanging out the sides that may strike objects as you travel. Reduce your speed when towing, and be aware that the Over Snow Vehicle's steering might not be as tight or responsive as normal.

#### 5.14 Stopping an Over Snow Vehicle

Remember that an Over Snow Vehicle cannot stop quickly. Braking characteristics vary with icy conditions and deep or packed snow. Be aware that the tracks can lock during hard braking and skidding may occur.

How to stop an Over Snow Vehicle under all conditions:

- Release the throttle and gradually depress on the brake lever until the Over Snow Vehicle comes to a stop.
- Once stopped, turn the ignition key to the 'OFF' position and apply park brake.In an emergency, use the emergency stop switch (kill button) located near the throttle and apply the brake.
- Never leave your Over Snow Vehicle parked in reverse.

#### 5.15 Parking an Over Snow Vehicle

When parking an Over Snow Vehicle ensure that it is visible to operators of other Over Snow Vehicles, skiers and snowboarders. If stopping on a slope, park the Over Snow Vehicle across the slope. Turn the ignition key to the 'OFF' position and apply park brake. At night park your Over Snow Vehicle in a safe location where it cannot be tampered with. It may be necessary to chain and lock your Over Snow Vehicle if parked in the Village Area.

### 6. Attachments

Yellow (Village) Permit Access Zone Map







# FallsCreek VILLAGE OVER SNOW VEHICLE PERMIT ZONE

